

ALGE-TIMING

Teledata

TED-TX400 and TED-RX400



Version-E150330

Manual

Important Information

General

Before using your **ALGE-TIMING** device read the complete manual carefully. It is part of the device and contains important information about installation, safety and its intended use. This manual cannot cover all conceivable applications. For further information or in case of problems that are mentioned not at all or not sufficiently detailed, please contact your **ALGE-TIMING** representative. You can find contact details on our homepage www.alge-timing.com

Safety

Apart from the information of this manual all general safety and accident prevention regulations of the legislator must be taken into account.

The device must only be used by trained persons. The setting-up and installation must only be executed according to the manufacturer's data.

Intended Use

The device must only be used for its intended applications. Technical modifications and any misuse are prohibited because of the risks involved! **ALGE-TIMING** is not liable for damages that are caused by improper use or incorrect operation.

Power supply

The stated voltage on the type plate must correspond to voltage of the power source. Check all connections and plugs before usage. Damaged connection wires must be replaced immediately by an authorized electrician. The device must only be connected to an electric supply that has been installed by an electrician according to IEC 60364-1. Never touch the mains plug with wet hands! Never touch live parts!

Cleaning

Please clean the outside of the device only with a smooth cloth. Detergents can cause damage. Never submerge in water, never open or clean with wet cloth. The cleaning must not be carried out by hose or high-pressure (risk of short circuits or other damage).

Liability Limitations

All technical information, data and information for installation and operation correspond to the latest status at time of printing and are made in all conscience considering our past experience and knowledge. Information, pictures and description do not entitle to base any claims. The manufacturer is not liable for damage due to failure to observe the manual, improper use, incorrect repairs, technical modifications, use of unauthorized spare parts. Translations are made in all conscience. We assume no liability for translation mistakes, even if the translation is carried out by us or on our behalf.

Disposal

If a label is placed on the device showing a crossed out dustbin on wheels (see drawing), the European directive 2002/96/EG applies for this device.

Please get informed about the applicable regulations for separate collection of electrical and electronical waste in your country and do not dispose of the old devices as household waste. Correct disposal of old equipment protects the environment and humans against negative consequences!



Operating ranges and interferences

The **ALGE-TIMING** TED operates in 433 MHz frequency band. This is also used by other services. The operating range as well as the operation may be disturbed by devices working at the same or neighboring frequencies.

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Declaration of Conformity

We hereby declare that the following product complies with the below stated standards. All components used by us are CE certified by their producer and are not modified by ALGE-TIMING GmbH.

We, **ALGE-TIMING GmbH**
Rotkreuzstrasse 39
A-6890 Lustenau

declare in sole responsibility that the radio receiver

Teledata TED-RX400

complies with the following standards/normative documents and in case of intended use complies with the basic requirements of R&TTE 1999/5/EC:

Telecommunication (TC)terminal device
Short Range Device

Applied harmonized standards...

EN 60950-1:2006+A11:2009+A1:2010+A12:2011
EMC: EN55022:2006+A1:2007
EN55024:1998+A1:2001+A2:2003
EN61000 3-2:2006 + A1:2009 + A2:2009
EN61000 3-3:2008

Additional information:

The product complies with the low voltage directive 73/23/EEC and EMC directive 2004/108EG and carries the CE sign.

Lustenau, 12.01.2010

ALGE-TIMING GmbH



Albert Vetter
(CEO)

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EN 60950-1:2006+A11:2009+A1:2010+A12:2011
EMC: EN 300113-2 V.1.4.1
EN 301489-1 V1.8.1 2008
EN 301489-3 V1.4.1 2002
EN55022:2006+A1:2007
EN55024:1998+A1:2001+A2:2003
EN61000 3-2:2006 + A1:2009 + A2:2009
EN61000 3-3:2008

Additional information:

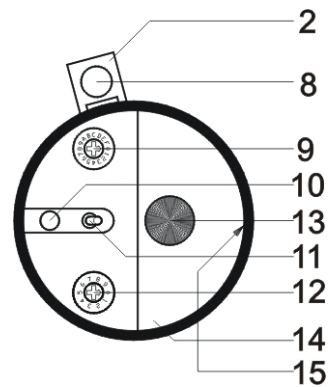
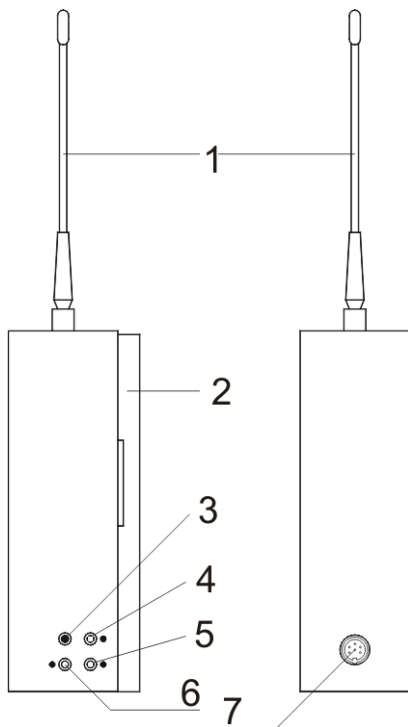
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Lustenau, 12.01.2010

ALGE-TIMING GmbH



Albert Vetter
(CEO)



- 1antenna
- 2green holder with velcro fastener
- 3light-emitting diode
- 4banana plug yellow, data input
- 5banana plug green, signal input
- 6banana plug black, shared ground (compound)
- 7DIN-plug: data and signal input as well as external feed
- 83/8 thread measured in inches, for tripod fastening
- 9code-switcher (16 positions)
- 10device-button
- 11device-switcher
- 12code-switcher (10 positions)
- 13fastening screw for battery-cover
- 14battery-cover
- 15type shield with device number

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Subject to technical alterations in terms of improvement!

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TED manual copyright by:

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www.alge-timing.com

1 General

The Teledata TED uses a frequency and power who may need a permit or a license. Please check the laws of the country in which the wireless system is used. There is no general approval.

Purpose:	Wireless transfer of timing impulses or data
Transfer frequency :	in 70cm band
TED-TX400:	Teledata transmitter with an output performance of 400mW appr. 5 km range, BNC antenna
TED-RX400:	Teledata receiver to TED-TX400 with BNC antenna
Minimal equipment components:	1x TED-TX400 and 1x TED-RX400
Expanded Accessories:	added TED-TX400 for impulse and data transfer, added TED-RX400 for data transfer RX-C10 for impulse transfer if you use more than two timing channels
Cognition feature for TED-TX400:	type shield (15) and green holder (2)
Cognition feature for TED-RX400:	type shield (15) and red holder (2)
Indication on type shield:	device type device number
Impulse transfer:	The impulse transfer works directly from a ALGE-emitter to the ALGE timing device.
Data transfer ALGE "1 Sec.":	Every data set will be transfered 10 times out of safety reasons. Onedata set per second will be transfered.
Data transfer ALGE "0,1 Sec":	Every data set will be transfered once. One data set per 0,1 seconds will be transfered.
Data transfer 2400 Baud:	Every data set will be transfered once with 2400 Baud. At the beginning as well as at the end of each data set you have to indicate an identifier in order to start and to stop the data transfer.
Data transfer 4800 Baud:	Every data set will be transfered once with 4800 Baud. At the beginning as well as at the end of each data set you have to indicate an identifier in order to start and to stop the data transfer.
Data transfer directly:	All data will be transfered, the transmitter (TED-TX) is always on.
System test:	Field strength test and annoyance test
Power supply:	with 6 batteries or with 6 NiCd-accus or with external supply
Radio permission:	The permission regulations differ from country to country worldwide. For some countries you have to apply for permission for our TED-TX400. If you need any information concerning this matter, please get in contact with your ALGE representative.

2 Power supply

There are two types of power supply:

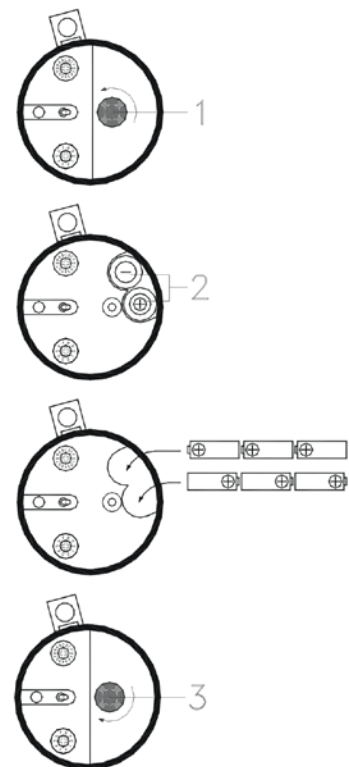
- ☞ Internal power supply with six batteries (Mignon) or accus (Typ AA)
- ☞ External power supply with ALGE power supply unit, via timing device or a 12V battery.

2.1 Batteries

- ☞ If the device is not used for an extended period of time, we recommend that you remove the batteries from the battery compartment.
- ☞ Batteries can be dangerous if swallowed. Keep batteries out of reach of small children.
- ☞ Do not throw batteries into a fire.
- ☞ Please dispose of batteries to the intended collection containers.

2.2 Battery exchange

- ☞ You can reach the battery cover at the lower side of the TED's.
- ☞ The knurled screw must be unscrewed anticlockwise. Remove the cover.
- ☞ Remove the batteries (put up the device in order that the batteries will slip out.)
- ☞ Set in the new (or loaded) battery.
(Notice the polarity, see battery cover)
- ☞ Put on the cover and screw the knurled screw. The screw must be screwed to the stop position.



2.3 Operation with Alkaline batteries

Every TED requires 6 Alkaline batteries (Type AA). The battery status will be shown during the normal operation with help of the diodes.

Color of diode (3)	Battery capacity
green	35-100 %
border between green and orange	about 35 %
orange	20 to 35 %
border between orange and red	about 20 %
red	less than 20 %
out	empty

The TED switches-off automatically, if the battery tension is below 5 Volt!

ATTENTION: The light-emitting diode has an other function during the field strength test! (see point 3.5)

2.3.1 Battery warning

If the battery has less than 20% capacity (LED red) then the TED-TX will transfer this information to the TED-RX together with the next data set or information. He will switch-on the internal loudspeaker, after that you can hear alternately a high-pitched and a low tone.

The TED-RX will always activate the internal loudspeaker as soon as the battery capacity is below 20%.

2.3.2 Operation time

The above indicated measurements refer to Alkaline batteries (Type Energizer) at room temperatures (25°C).

Please pay attention to the fact, that the battery capacity will be extremely reduced at low temperatures. (at -20°C approx. just 20% capacity).

TED-TX400	without photocell	1 impulse per minute	approx. 270 hours
TED-TX400	with photocell	1 impulse per minute	approx. 60 hours
TED-TX400	---	1 data set per minute	approx. 54 hours
TED-TX400	---	always sends data	approx. 6 hours
TED-RX400	---	the same in all operation modes	approx. 54 hours

2.4 Operation with NiCd-accus

Every TED requires 6 NiCd-accus (Typ AA). The accus cannot be loaded in the device. In order to load you will need a separately loading station. The accu situation (accu capacity) will be shown during the normal operation with help of the light-emitting diodes (3).

Color of diode (3)	Battery capacity
green	15 to 100 %
border between green and orange	approx. 15 %
orange	5 to 15 %
border between orange and red	approx. 5 %
red	less than 5 %
out	empty

The TED switches automatically off, if the battery pressure goes below 5 Volt!

Attention: The light-emitting diode has an other function during the field strength test! (see point 3.5)

2.4.1 Accu warning

The same as Alkaline batteries.

2.4.2 Operation time

The above indicated measurings refer to accus of the type Panasonic 700mAh at room temperatures (25°C).

Please pay attention to the fact, that the battery capacity will be reduced at low temperatures. (at -20°C approx. just 80% capacity).

TED-TX400	without photocell	1 impulse per minute	approx. 90 hours
TED-TX400	with photocell	1 impulse per minute	approx. 20 hours
TED-TX400	---	1 data set per minute	approx. 18 hours
TED-TX400	---	always sends data	approx. 2 hours
TED-RX400	---	the same in all operation modes	approx. 18 hours

2.5 External supply

The TED can be supplied by a power supply unit.

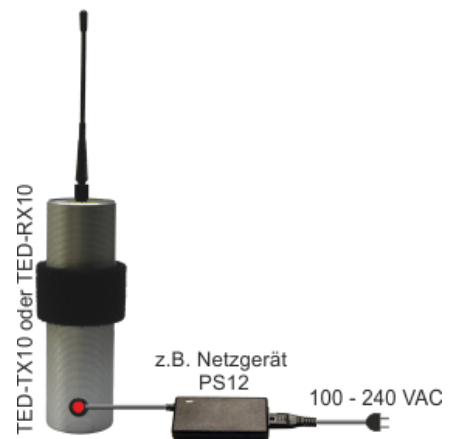
Supply pressure:

- TED-TX400 +9 to 15 VDC
- TED-RX400 +6,5 to 28 VDC

2.5.1 Direct supply

The TED can be supplied directly by the following ALGE power supply units:

- NLG4
- NLG8
- LG-Comet (not for TED-TX400)
- NBG
- NG13
- PS12



2.5.2 Supply by the timing device

In the operation type impulse transfer, the TED-RX can be supplied by the power supply unit of the timing device. Therefore you need cable 004-05 between the TED-RX and the timing device.

ATTENTION: The supply just functions, if the timing device is connected to an external supply.



3 Implementation

The reach of the radio contact is strongly depending on the location of the transmitter and receiver. In many cases you can improve the received field strength (high field strength = high safety) by a minimal relocation if the TED-TX400 or RX400.

3.1 *Ranges and interference*

The Teledata TED-TX400 and RX400 TED operate in the 433 MHz frequency band. This is also used by other radio services. There may be limitations on the scope or operation by devices that operate on the same or adjacent frequencies.

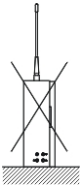
Caution: Never use radio receivers positioned next to each other! You could adversely affect each other. A minimum distance of 0.5 m must be maintained, we recommend at least 1 m or larger.

Other causes of reduced ranges can be:

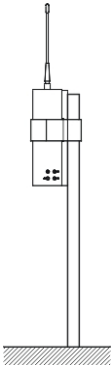
- High frequency disturbances of all kinds
- Buildings or vegetation
- Conductive metal parts that is located in the vicinity of Teledata TED or within or near the radio path (e.g. metallized insulated windows, reinforced concrete ceilings, radiators).
- Influence on the radiation pattern of antennas due to the distance from the transmitter or receiver to conductive surfaces or objects (also to human bodies or the ground).
- Broadband interference in urban areas that reduces the signal-to-noise ratio; the signal is not recognized because of the "noise".
- Irradiation of untreated or inadequately shielded electronic devices (eg, operating computers).

3.2 Installation

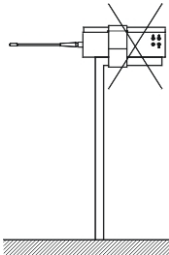
There are different possibilities to mount the TED:



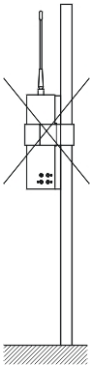
Bad:
The TED should never stand on the ground. Too much reach will be lost.



Good:
Mounting with Velcro fastener. In critical situations, always make an over-head-mounting.



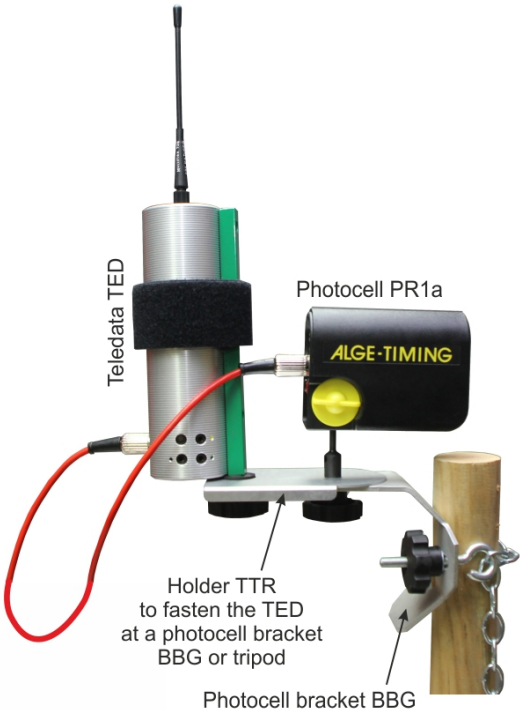
Bad:
The antenna must always be uprightly.



Bad:
There mustn't be any parts near the antenna!



Good:
Mounting on a tripod (3/8 inch)



3.3 Switch-on

- Normal operation**
- Switch-on with device-switcher (11)
 - TED works in operation mode „**Impulse transfer**“
 - Light-emitting diode blinks
Used for small and middle distances.
- Test-Mode**
- Push device-switcher (10)
 - Device-switcher (11) to „ON“, light-emitting diode should blink
 - Let loose of the device-switcher.
 - Test-Mode will automatically switch-off after one minute, manually with device-switcher (10)
- Data transfer ALGE 1 Sec.**
- Switch-on the TED, light-emitting diode must blink
 - If the first data set is transfered in the right format, then the data transfer will be activated for 1 second.
- Data transfer ALGE 0,1 Sec.**
- Set code-switcher (12) of TED-TX and RX to position 1
 - Switch-on the TED, light-emitting diode must blink
- Data transfer 2400 Baud**
- Set code-switcher of TED-TX and RX to position 3.
 - Switch-on the TED, light-emitting diode must blink
 - Every data set will be transfered once with 2400 Baud.
 - At the beginning as well as at the end of each data set you have to indicate an identifier in order to start and to stop the data transfer.
- Data transfer 4800 Baud**
- Set code-switcher of TED-TX and RX to position 4.
 - Switch-on the TED, light-emitting diode must blink
 - Every data set will be transfered once with 4800 Baud.
 - At the beginning as well as at the end of each data set you have to indicate an identifier in order to start and to stop the data transfer.
- Data transfer directly**
- Set code-switcher of TED-TX and RX to position 6.
 - Light-emitting diode of TED-RX must shine.
 - Light-emitting diode of TED-TX blinks. **At first you have to send a data set that the TED-TX switch in the direct mode (illuminating diode goes from blinking to shine).**
 - Every data set will be transfered.

3.4 Choice of operation mode

Switcher	Signal mode	Data mode
Code-switcher (12)	Position 0 to 9 for choice of timing-channel	Position 0: data transfer ALGE 1 second Position 1: data transfer ALGE 0,1 second Position 2: without function Position 3: data transfer 2400 Baud Position 4: data transfer 4800 Baud Position 6: data transfer directly Position 7 to 9: without function
Code-switcher (9)	for addressing	for addressing
Device-push-button (10)	field strength tst On/Off	repeat last data set

The field strength test can also be started by triple short-circuiting of the green and black banana plug.

3.5 Addressing

The code switch (9) for addressing has 16 positions and can be accessed from underneath. In one system all TED-TX and RX have to be addressed identically.

Address as desired with the included screw driver. The arrow of the switch shows the switch position. Default setting is 0.

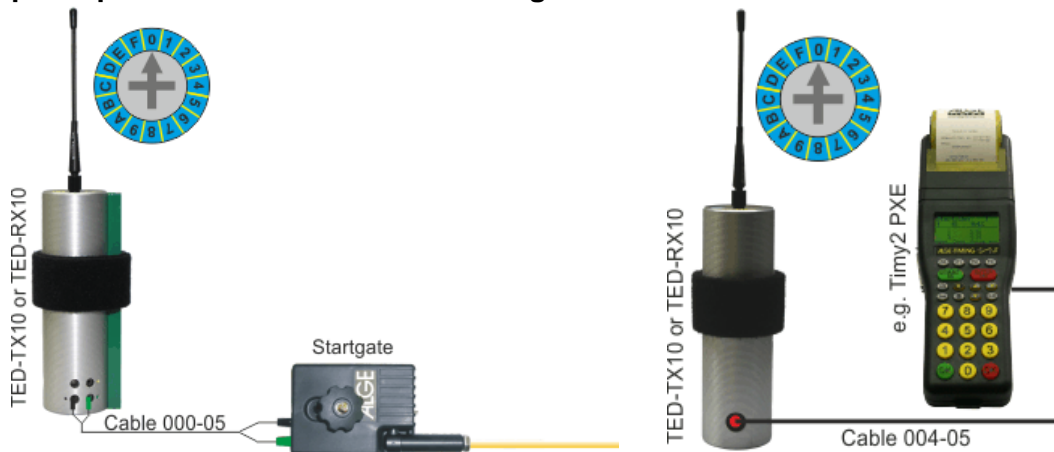


In case multiple TEDs are used in the same area, different addresses have to be used. **It offers protection against false impulses or data but not against blocking by another device.**

Code switch (9)	Address
Switch position = 0	Address = 0
Switch position = 1	Address = 1
Switch position = 2	Address = 2
Switch position = 3	Address = 3
Switch position = 4	Address = 4
Switch position = 5	Address = 5
Switch position = 6	Address = 6
Switch position = 7	Address = 7
Switch position = 8	Address = 8
Switch position = 9	Address = 9
Switch position = A	Address = A
Switch position = B	Address = B
Switch position = C	Address = C
Switch position = D	Address = D
Switch position = E	Address = E
Switch position = F	Address = F

For preventing a blocking by another TED, a different radio frequency has to be used.

Example impulse transmission of a start signal:



TED –TX and RX must be switched to the same address

3.6 Field strength test for site selection

The field strength test can just be carried out in the operation mode „impulse transfer“. If you would like to work smooth with your TED, you have to choose an appropriate location.

Activate field strength:

- Switch-on TED-TX
- Push device-button (10)
- Mount the TED aloft.(side 9)
- Switch-on TED-RX
- The loudspeaker of the TED-RX makes a tone and the light-emitting diode blinks.
- The higher the tone, the better the field strength.
- Diode blinks green > Signal is good
- Diode blinks orange > Signal is low
- Diode blinks red > Signal missing or too low
- If the loudspeaker plays back voices, it means that this radio frequency is used for voice radio. This can cause data or impulse losses.
- The field strength test will automatically be finished after 1 minute by the TED-TX.

For the retrieval of the ideal location you have to move the TED-RX. The best location is chosen if the tone is as high as possible and if the diode is blinking green.

The field strength can only be evaluated with TED-RX!

TED-TX and RX must have a distance of 5 to 10 meters between them to assure a trouble-free work.

3.7 Annoyance test – tapping of the receiver for disturbing signals

If you push the device-button of the TED-RX for about half a second, the loudspeaker will be activated and you can intercept the channel for possible disturbing signals.

At the same time the light-emitting diode shows the field strength of the received signals, also those of a possible disquieter

ATTENTION:

The electric power consumption of the TED-RX doubles during this test.

Push the device-button to switch-off the loudspeaker.

4 Impulse transmission

The impulse transmission functions directly from an ALGE emitter to a ALGE timing device via radio.

**Every impulse, transfered by the TED, has a constantly delay of 0,100 seconds.
Maximum fault ; 0,001 seconds.**

- ☞ If only the start impulse is transfered by TED, you have to add a tenth second to the run time.
- ☞ If only the finish impulse is transfered by TED, you have to discount a tenth second of the run time.
- ☞ If the start impulse as well as the finish impulse is transfered by TED, the run time is accurately.

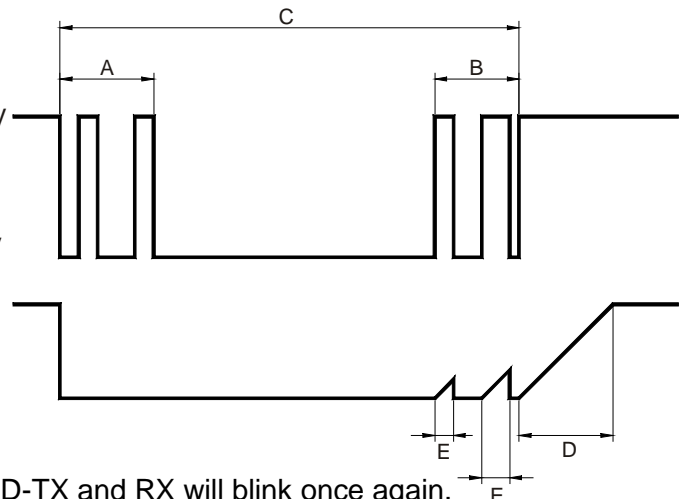
TED-TX is from the beginning of the first impulse blocked for 0,163 seconds respectively incidental impulses within this time will be delayed until this time is expired.

TED-RX is from the beginning of the first impulse blocked for 0,1 seconds and ignores all impulses within this period.

Bounce protection

Inside the TED-TX is a built-in bounce protection integrated. This bounce protection +5V prevents double-impulses. (50 ms)

- A Bounce at the beginning of an impulse
- B Bounce at the end of an impulse
- C Impulse duration plus bounce duration
- D Bounce protection time 50 ms
- E Bounce protection abrupted, since 50 ms were not expired



Control of the impulse transmission

If a timing impulse is transfered, the diode of TED-TX and RX will blink once again.

Safety of the impulse transmission

Please bare in mind that the radio connection may be disturbed by outside influences. That means that in case of annoyances, there can't be any transmissions of impulses.

With an impulse transmission via radio we can never assure the same security as by an impulse transmission by cable.

The following ALGE-devices can be used as emitter:

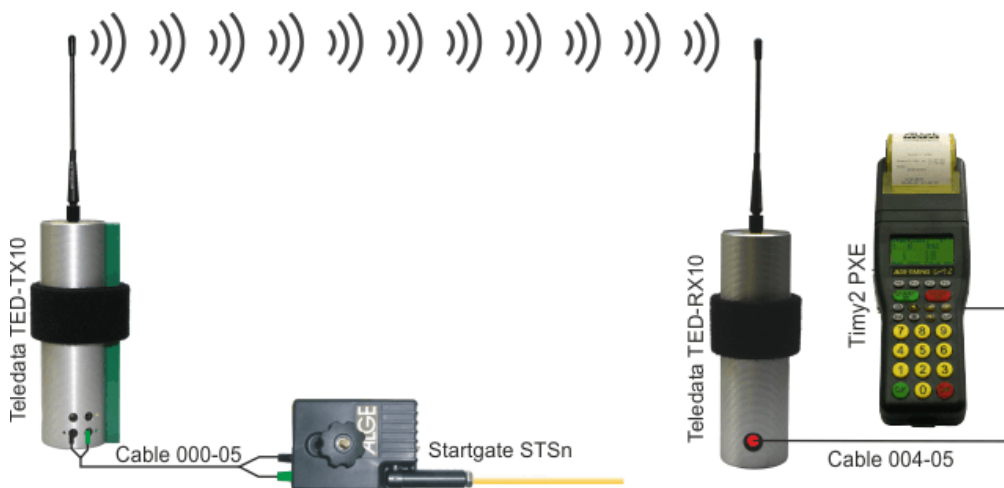
- ☞ all startgates
- ☞ photocells RLS, RLS3
- ☞ SM8, STB1, Tapeswitch, hand taste 023-xx
- ☞ Touchpads TP
- ☞ ASC

The following ALGE timing devices can be used as impulse receiver:

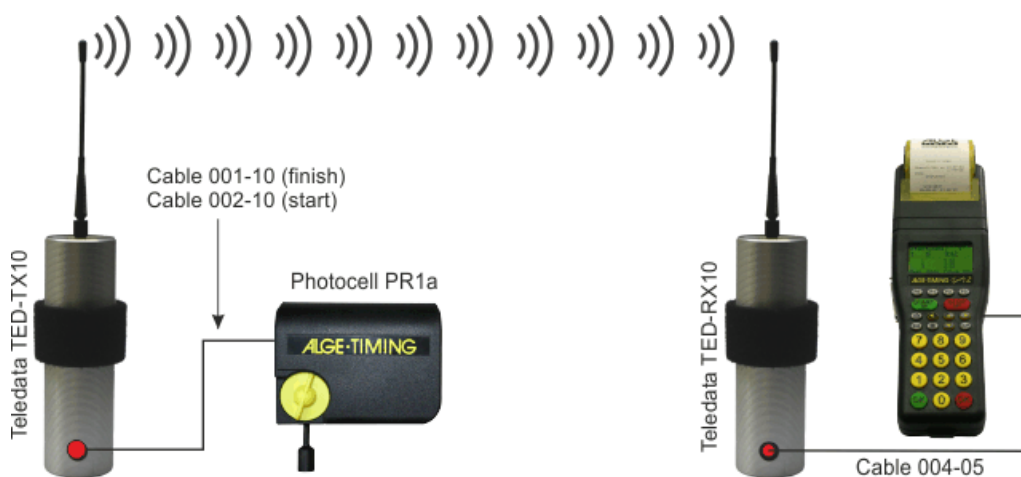
- ☞ TDC4000
- ☞ TDC8000
- ☞ TDC8001
- ☞ Timy
- ☞ Comet
- ☞ Timer S4
- ☞ Timer S3
- ☞ Videotimer VT2 / VT2D
- ☞ OPTIc (only start impulse)

With the standard TED, two timing channels can be transmitted. Normally – if cable 004-xx is used – it will be start channel C0 and finish channel C1.

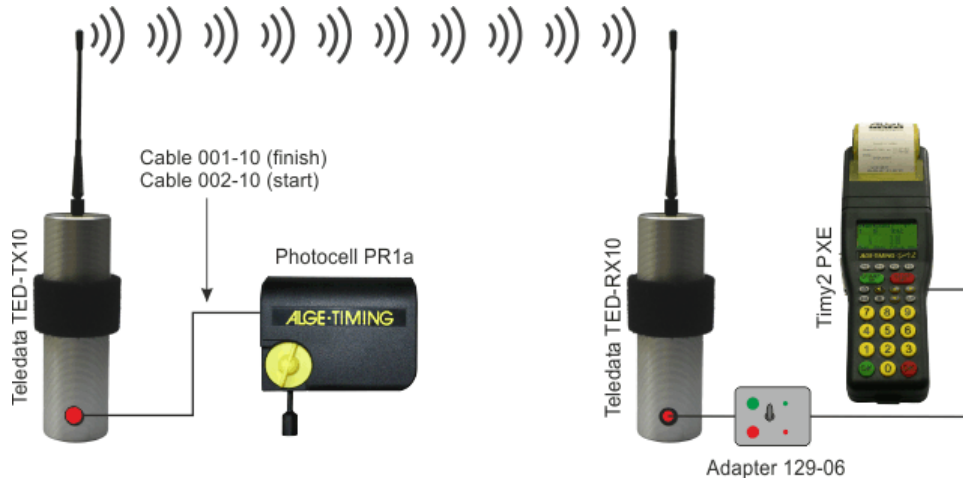
4.1 Impulse transmission of a startgate



4.2 Impulse transmission of a photocell



4.3 Impulse transmission RLS with adapter 129-06



You can adjust with adapter 129-06 if you will receive a start or stop impulse. This has the advantage if you have e.g. a round course, you just need one photocell.

4.4 Impulse transmission with more than 2 timing channels

Here you need adapter RX-C10 so that you can transfer up to 10 timing channels in connection with TDC8000/8001 and Timer S4. Therefore you need several TED-TX. You can transfer 2 timing channels per TED-TX.

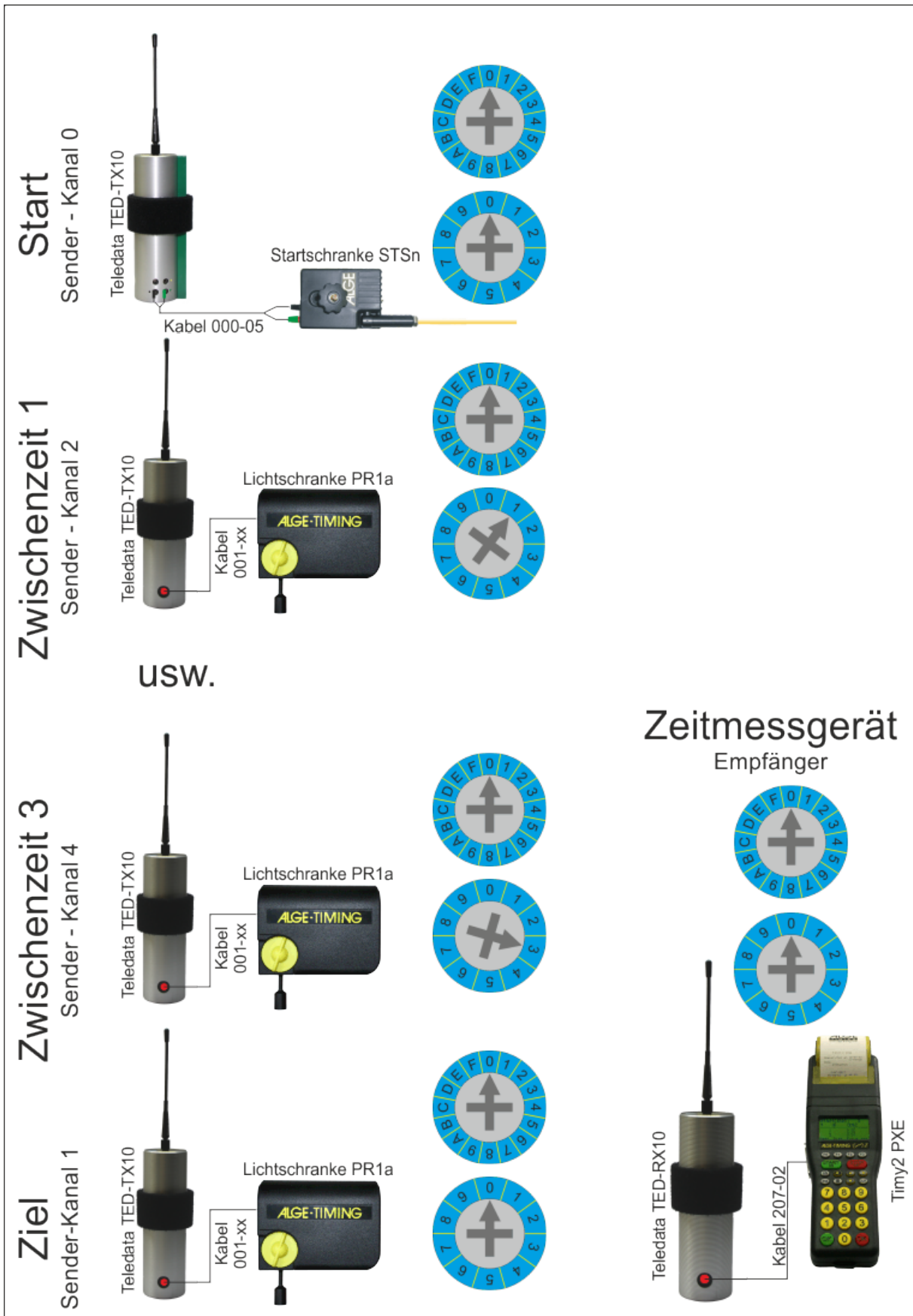
You can adjust the timing channels at the TED-TX with the code-switcher (12). The code-switcher (12) don't have any function in this operation.



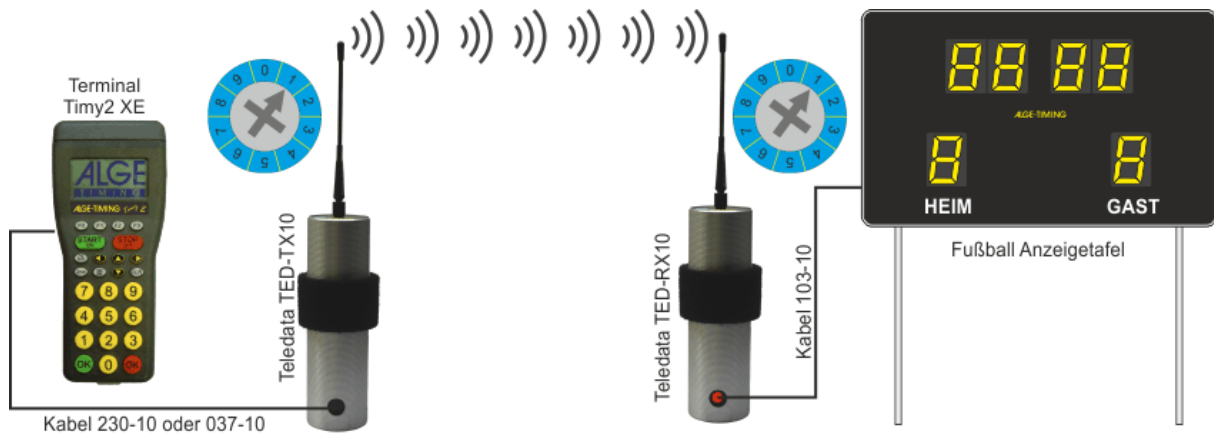
ATTENTION: Blocking time (see point 4, impulse transmission)

With the small provided screw driver you can adjust the arrow of the code-switcher to the right position.

TED-TX Code-Schalter (12)	TED-TX timing channel banana socket green (5) and black (6)	TED-TX DIN-socket timing channel on pin 1	TED-TX DIN-Stecker timing channel on pin 2
switch position = 0	0	0	1
switch position = 1	1	1	2
switch position = 2	2	2	3
switch position = 3	3	3	4
switch position = 4	4	4	5
switch position = 5	5	5	6
switch position = 6	6	6	7
switch position = 7	7	7	8
switch position = 8	8	8	9
switch position = 9	0	0	2

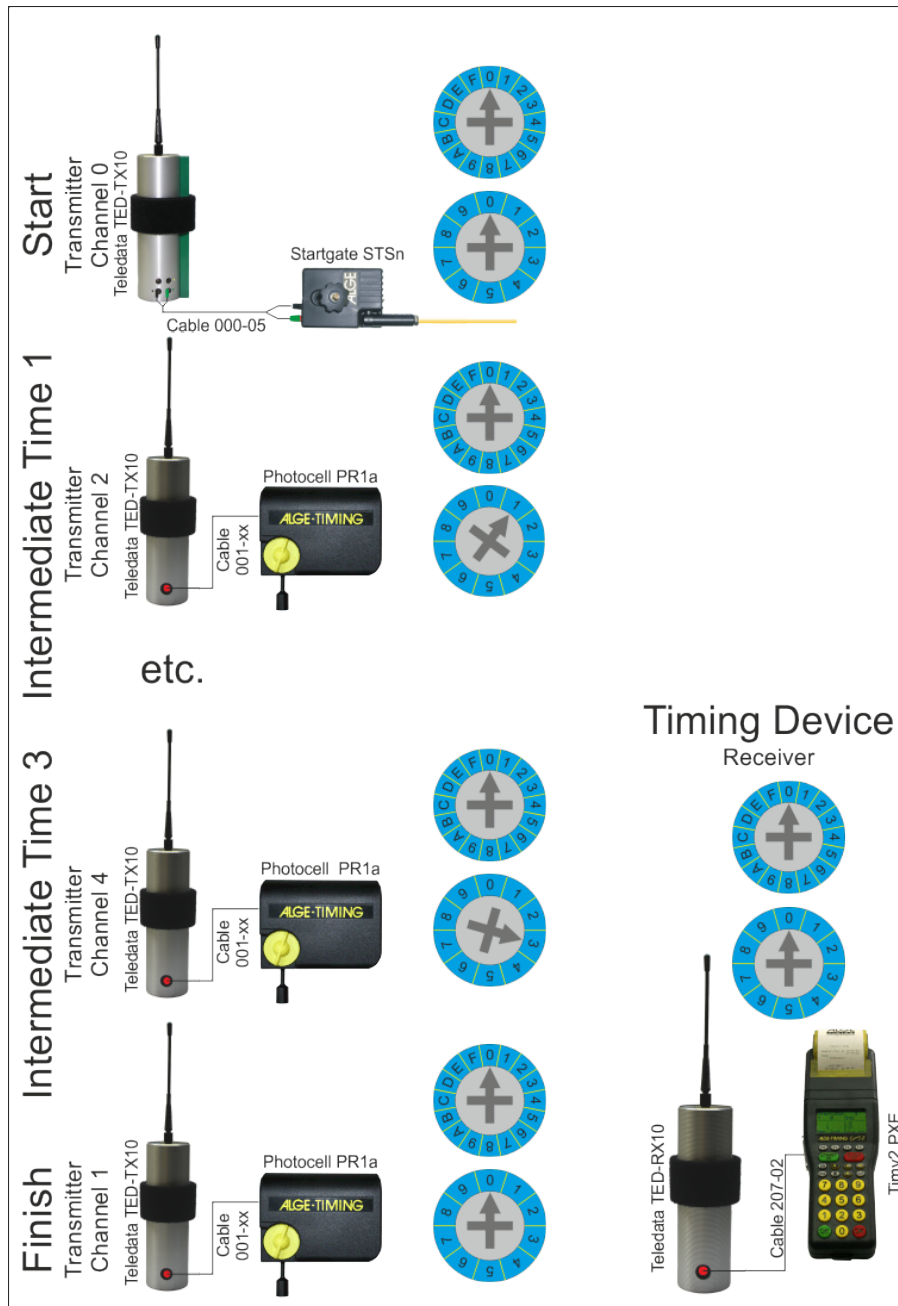


TED-TX400 / TED-RX400



Timing with 10 timing channels at a Ski test run:
Adjustment of the code-switcher (12) to the TED-TX

Channel	Function	Emitter	Switcher position (12)	Cable type	Connection plug at TED-TX
C0	Start	Startgate	0	000-10	Banana plug 5+6
C2	Intermediate time 1	Photocell	1	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C3	Intermediate time 2	Photocell	2	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C4	Intermediate time 3	Photocell	3	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C5	Intermediate time 4	Photocell	4	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C6	Intermediate time 5	Photocell	5	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C7	Intermediate time 6	Photocell	6	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C8	Intermediate time 7	Photocell	7	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C9	Intermediate time 8	Photocell	8	001-10	DIN-plug (7)
C1	Finish	Photocell	0	001-10	DIN-plug (7)



4.5 Impulse transmission of more timing channels with Timy and cable 207-10

The cable 207-10 works only with the Timy. You can only use start cables (000-xx or 002-xx) for this system. There will be no impulse and also the Timy prints an error message when you use a stop cable.

These are the functions of the code switch (12). This have no use in the program Training REF, here it is only necessary that the TED channels are different.

Codeswitch	Chanal	Function
0	C0	Start
1	C1	Finish
2	C2	Intermediate
3	C3	Intermediate
4	C4	Intermediate
5	C5	Intermediate
6	C6	Intermediate
7	C7	Intermediate
8	C8	Intermediate
9	C0	Start

5 Data transmission

During data transmission, the duty cycle must be considered. According to the regulations of the radio regulatory authority of the European Union, the radio transmitter may be only 10% in operation. This must be taken into account when using the device.

For the operation of Teledata TED (device class 1), the transmission time of 6 minutes per hour must not be exceeded (10% duty cycle). It is not allowed to send data permanently. If, for example, used for data transmission of timing data, then the transmitter is turned on only for about 1/10 seconds to transmit at any time and is well below the duty cycle.

Operational area:

- ☞ Data transmission from an ALGE timing device to a ALGE displayboard
- ☞ Data transmission from Timer S4 to Timer S4 (program 0)
- ☞ Data transmission from ALGE timing device to printer P4A
- ☞ Data transmission from ALGE timing device to Comet parallel display
- ☞ Data transmission from Comet to football-displayboard
- ☞ Data transmission from ALGE-timing device to a PC
- ☞ Data transmission from PC to PC

There exists different types of operating modes for data transmission:

Data transmission ALGE 1 second	ALGE Protocol, 1 data set per second
Data transmission ALGE 0,1 second	ALGE Protocol, 1 data set per tenth second
Data transmission 2400 Baud	Data transmission with control character and 2400 Baud
Data transmission 4800 Baud	Data transmission with control character and 4800 Baud
Data transmission directly	Data transmission without protocol of 2400 to 4800 Baud

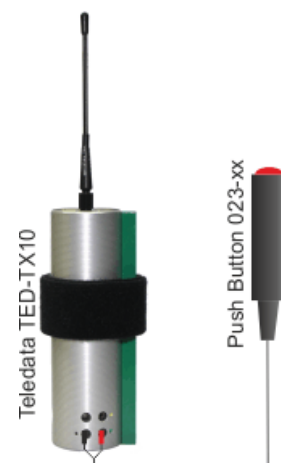
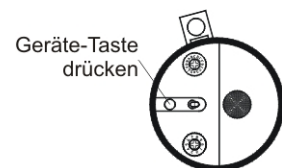
Data repetition

If the data don't arrive at the receiver, you can trigger off a data repetition at the transmitter. The last data set is always stored in the TED-TX.

- ☞ by pushing the device-button (10) at TED-TX

or

- ☞ by pushing of the hand taste, connected on the green and black banana plugs of the TED-TX



5.1 Data transmission 1 second

Adjustment: Code-switcher (12) of TED-TX and RX at position 0



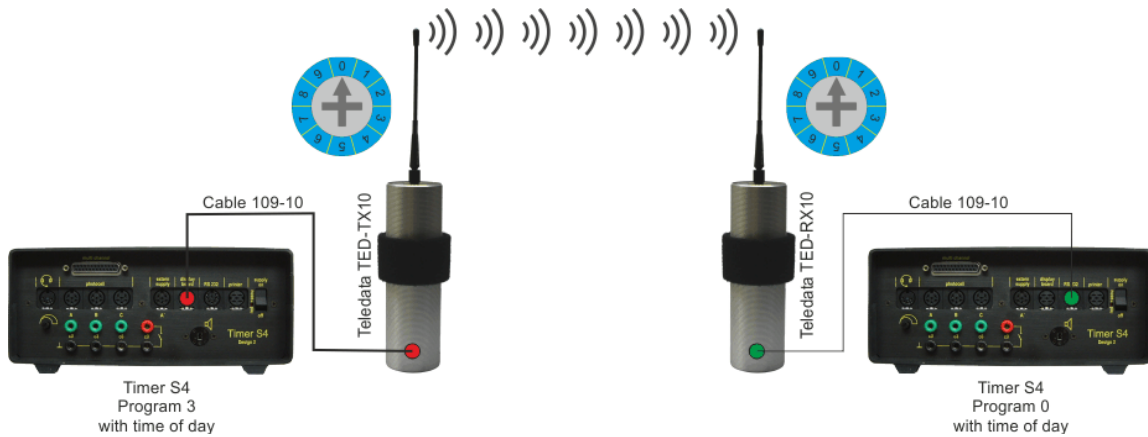
If the TED-TX recognizes reasonable data (ALGE protocol), it will change to the operating mode “data transmission 1 second”. In this mode, every data set will be transferred 10 times together with a checksum.

As soon as the TED-RX has received a data set with right checksum, he will display the data set.

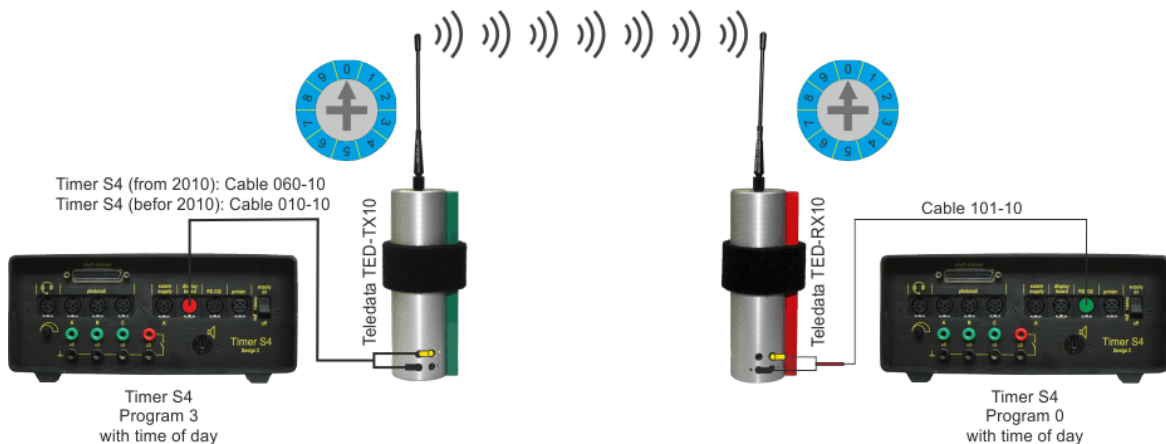
This operating mode is used if it is important, that the receiver will get all data in a secure way. But this just functions if the data will not be sent all the time. If data are sent all the time (e.g. for a displayboard), it may happen that parts of the data will get lost.

5.1.1 Data transmission from Timer S4 to Timer S4

The Timer S4 can supply the TED-TX via a serial interface.



Timer S4 with TED without supply of the TED's.



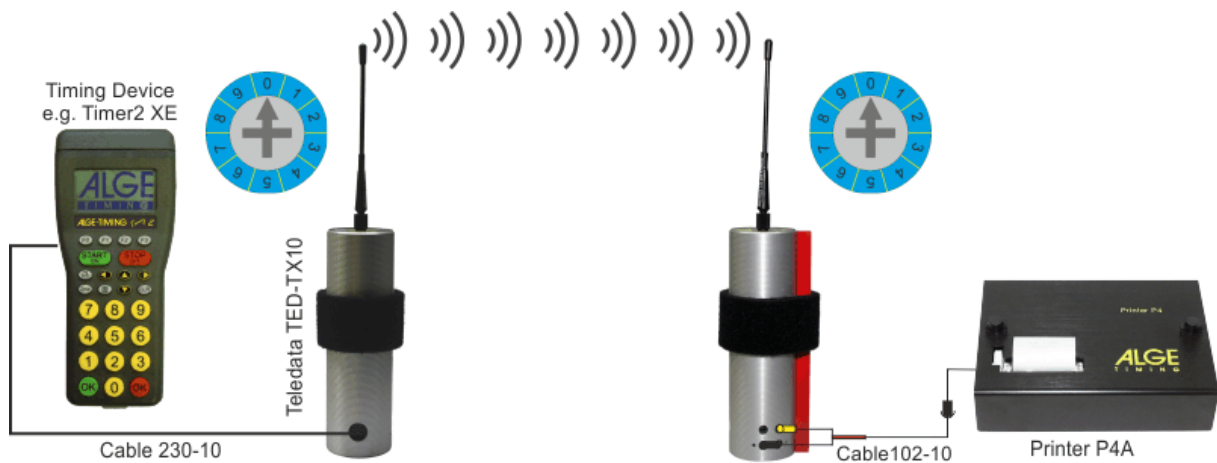
Data transmission of the start time from a synchronous Timer S4 to another Timer S4

- Adjust Timer S4 at the start to program 3 and indicate daytime
 - ☞ Push yellow and red button at the same time.
 - ☞ The display of the Timer S4 shows „HP 0:00.00“
 - ☞ Type the hours with the red button.
 - ☞ Type the minutes with the yellow button.
- Adjust Timer S4 at the finish to program 0 and indicate daytime
 - ☞ Push yellow and red button at the same time.
 - ☞ Push yellow and red button at the same time once again.
 - ☞ The display of the Timer S4 shows „SY 0:00.00“
 - ☞ Type the hours with the red button.
 - ☞ Type the minutes with the yellow button.
- Start both Timer S4 together (synchronous start) via a start cable (channel C0).
- The display of the Timer at the finish shows the daytime.
- To delete the daytime, push yellow and red button together.
- Program 0 works now as described in the manual for Timer S4.
- The start-Timer must be brought to the start.

Data repetition

If the start time don't arrive at the finish-Timer, you can send the data once again (see side 18).

5.1.2 Data transmission from ALGE timing device to printer P4A



If the output „RS232“ is used by a timing device, you must use cable 060-10 for the TED-TX.



5.2 Data transmission 0,1 seconds

Adjustment: Code-switcher (12) of TED-TX to RX at position 1

Just for data with ALGE protocol. Every data transmission from TED-TX to RX happens once. Every data set has got a checksum, if these are right, the received data will be displayed.

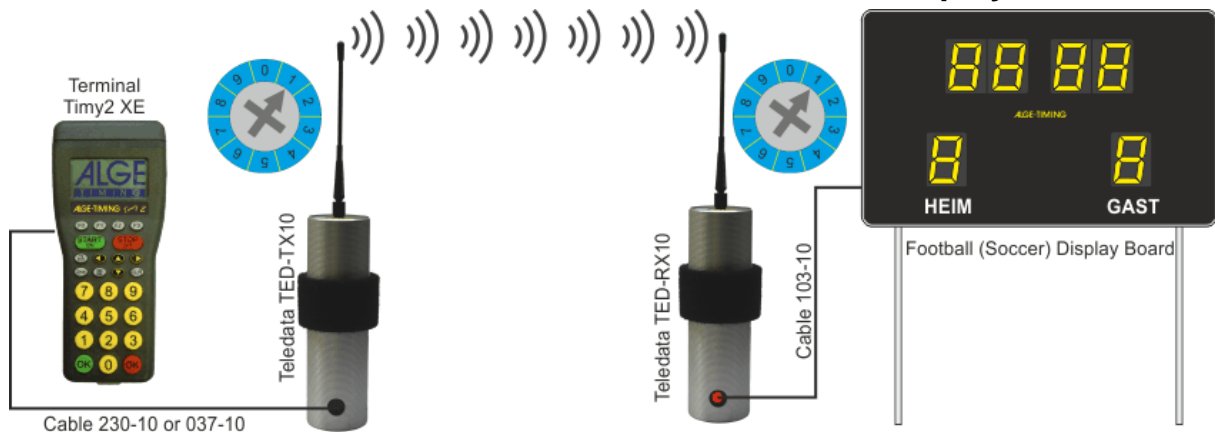
In this operation mode it is possible to transfer a running tenth.

This operation mode is used if it is important, that the transferred data must be available immediately or if many data sets should be transferred in a short time. The transmission security isn't as high as at mode "data transmission 1 second".

5.2.1 Data transmission to ALGE displayboard

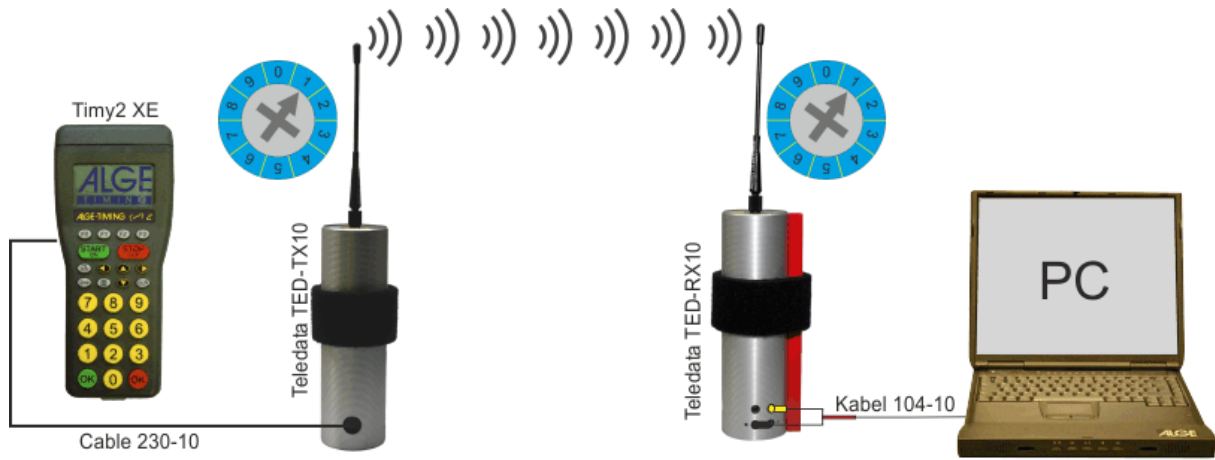


5.2.2 Data transmission from Comet to ALGE soccer displayboard



In order to supply TED-TX from a Comet you need cable 108-10. We would recommend to supply the Comet by an ALGE power-supply unit.

5.2.3 Data transmission from ALGE timing device to PC



5.3 Data transmission directly

Adjustment: Code-switcher (12) of TED-TX and RX at position 6
Adapter 119—5 must be connected to the TED-TX
At first you have to send a data set that the TED-TX switch in the direct mode (illuminating diode goes from blinking to shine).

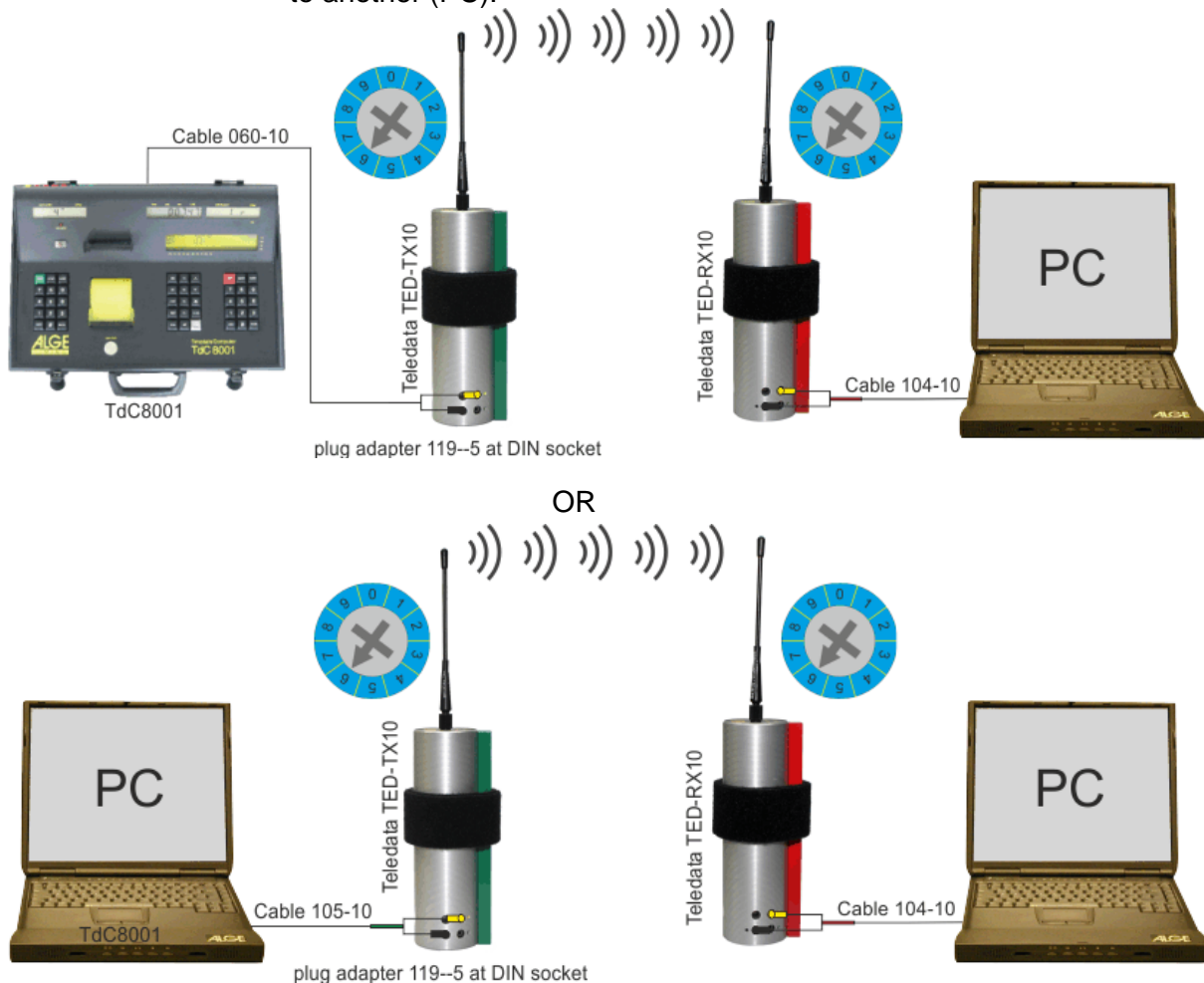
Every data set with a baudrate of 2400 up to 4800 Baud will be sent. No control-character is required. The transmitter is always online, that means that a power-supply unit for the transmitter is recommended by us.

The data won't be checked by the receiver, but passed on as received. The verification should be conducted of the Software of the receiving unit. (PC).

Advantage: Every data set will be transferred. No control-characters are required. Every optional data protocol will be transferred.

Disadvantage: The transmitter TED-TX has a high power consumption, since it is always online. Since the data are sent without protocol, the receiver is able to check the data.

Range of use: Wireless data transmission with optional data protocol from one device to another (PC).



6 Technical data

Operating frequency: Standard 400mW 433 MHz band, fix frequencies adjusted by the producer

Broadcast performance: TED-TX400 400mW

Range: TED-TX400 approx. 5 km

Antenna: BNC antenna

Signal input TED-TX: activ low, at least 10 ms, debounce-time approx. 50 ms

Signal output TED-RX: activ low, 100 ms

Supply: external TED-TX400 +9 to 15 VDC
internal 6 x Alkaline batteries 1,5 V Typ AA or 6 x NiCd rechargeable batteries 1.2 V type AA

Charging rate:	TED-TX400	Transmitting operation	approx. 300 mA
		Standby Mode	approx. 3 mA
	TED-RX400	Normal operation	approx. 35 mA
		Test operation	approx. 70 mA

Operation time: see side 6 and 7

RS232 interface (true for TED-TX and RX):

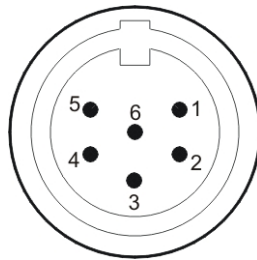
Input- Output-format: 1 Startbit, 8 AXCI Bit, no Parity-Bit, 1 Stopbit

Transfer speed: 2400 or 4800 Baud

Connector assignment:

TED-TX DIN-plug:

- 1 Impuls Input (Start)
- 2 Impuls Input (Stop)
- 3 GND
- 4 Input V-ext.
- 5 Output +5 V stabilised
- 6 Input +5V
- 6 Data input



TED-RX DIN-plug:

- 1 Impule output (Start)
- 2 Impulse output (Stop)
- 3 GND
- 4 Input V-ext.
- 5 Input +5V
- 6 Data output

Banana plug:

with yellow marking
with green marking
with black marking

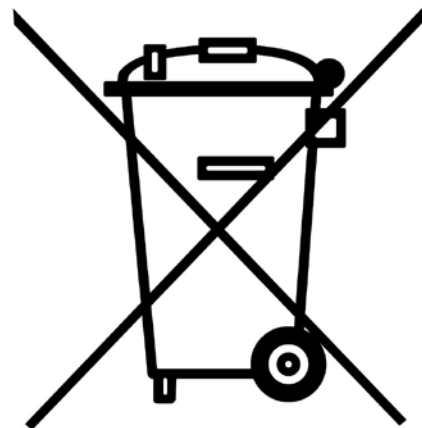
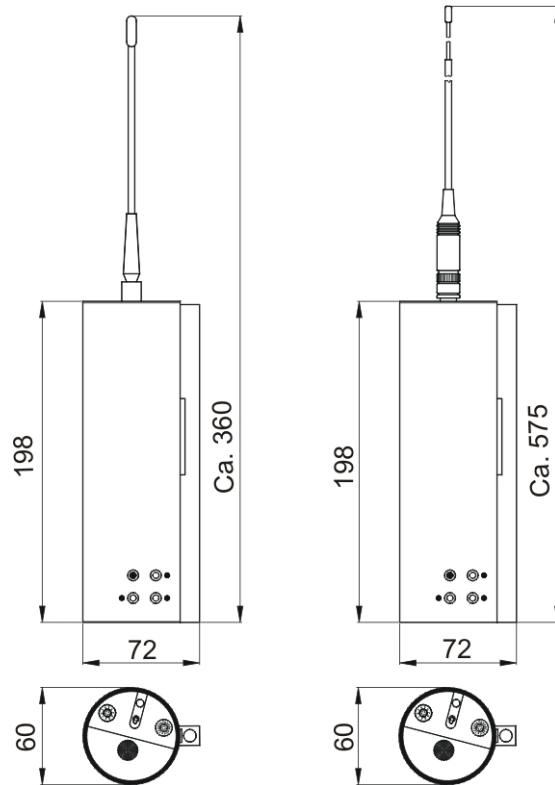
Data, identically with PIN 6 of DIN-plug
Impulse, identically with PIN1 of DIN-plug
GND, identically with PIN 3 of DIN-plug

Antenna: at TED-TX400 and TED-RX400 with BNC connection

Working temperature: -20 up to +50°C

Weight: without batteries approx. 600g
with batteries approx. 750g

Dimensions:



Subject to changes

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